

## MATH 3113 – Homework assigned on 9/9/13

**Problem 1.** Consider the autonomous differential equation

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \mu x - x^3, \quad (1)$$

where  $\mu$  is a parameter. Let  $f(x) := \mu x - x^3$  be the right-hand side of (1).

- (a) If  $\mu \leq 0$ , show that the only equilibrium solution of the ODE (1) is  $x(t) \equiv 0$ , and it is stable. Sketch the graph of  $f(x)$  and indicate how you came to your conclusion.

*Hint:* Computing  $f'(x)$  will help you draw conclusions about the behavior of  $f(x)$ .

- (b) If  $\mu > 0$ , show that the equilibrium  $x_*(t) \equiv 0$  of the ODE (1) is now unstable, but there are two new equilibria,  $x_{*1} = -\sqrt{\mu}$  and  $x_{*2} = \sqrt{\mu}$ , which are stable. Again, sketch the graph of  $f(x)$  for  $\mu > 0$ , and show on it how  $x$  changes with time.
- (c) From your findings in parts (a) and (b), you can conclude that the qualitative nature of the solutions of the ODE (1) changes at  $\mu = 0$  as the parameter  $\mu$  increases, hence  $\mu = 0$  is a bifurcation point for the ODE (1). In the  $(\mu, x)$ -plane, plot the positions of the equilibrium solutions as functions of the parameter  $\mu$ , for all values of  $\mu$ . In your plot, denote the positions of the stable equilibria with a solid line, and the positions of the unstable equilibria with a dashed line.