

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Math 221 Section 10336

*Practice Exam 2*

*May 24, 2012*

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Follow the instructions for each question and show enough of your work so that I can follow your thought process. If I can't read your work or answer, you will receive little or no credit!

For problems 1 and 2, write each expression as an algebraic expression.

1.  $\cos(\tan^{-1} x)$

2.  $\tan(\sin^{-1} x)$

For problems 3 and 4, find the exact value of each expression.

3.  $\cos\left(\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)$

4.  $\csc\left(\arccos\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)\right)$

For problems 5 - 16 differentiate each function.

5.  $y = \cos^4(\tan \theta)$

6.  $f(x) = \sec(3x^2 + 1)$

7.  $y = \sin^2 \theta \sin \theta^2$

8.  $r(x) = 3x^6 \cos(x^2 + 1)$

9.  $g(t) = \frac{3e^t}{1 - 4e^t}$

10.  $g(x) = e^{x^2} \ln(x^2 + 1)$

11.  $s(t) = \frac{\ln t}{1 + e^t}$

12.  $f(x) = x^e \ln(5x)$

**13.**  $y = \arcsin(x^2 + 1)$

**14.**  $g(t) = \tan^{-1}(t) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{t}\right)$

**15.**  $y = \arccos(1 + \sqrt{x})$

16.  $v(t) = \tan^{-1}(\cos t)$

For problems 17 and 18, compute the differential for each function.

17.  $y = \sqrt{4 + x^3}$ .

18.  $y = \ln(x^2 + 2x + 1)$ .

19. Find two numbers whose difference is 100 and whose product is a minimum.

20. Find the dimensions of a rectangle with area  $1000 \text{ m}^2$  whose perimeter is as small as possible.

For problems 21 and 22, compute the derivative of each function.

21.  $f(x) = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$

22.  $f(x) = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$