

$$1. -\frac{1}{5} \ln|x+4| + \frac{1}{5} \ln|x-1| + C$$

$$2. \frac{1}{2}x^2 + x + 5 \ln|x-3| - 2 \ln|x+2| + C$$

$$3. \frac{1}{x} - \ln|x+3| + C$$

$$4. e^x - \tan^{-1}(e^x) + C$$

$$5. \frac{1}{3}x \sin^3 x + \frac{1}{3} \cos x - \frac{1}{9} \cos^3 x + C$$

$$6. x - \ln|1 + e^x| + C$$

7. It converges by the Comparison test, using the fact that $\tan^{-1} x \leq \pi/2$ on $[1, \infty)$. Note the exact answer can be computed but L'hôpital's rule must be used.

8. diverges

$$9. \frac{\pi}{2}, \text{ so it converges.}$$

$$10. \ln|\sqrt{2} + 1|$$

$$11. \frac{15}{2}$$

$$12. \frac{2}{27}(55\sqrt{55} - 37\sqrt{37})$$

$$13. \frac{\pi}{6}(5\sqrt{5} - 1)$$

$$14. \frac{\pi}{27}(1728 - 10\sqrt{10})$$

$$15. \frac{263\pi}{256}$$

$$16. (\bar{x}, \bar{y}) = \left(\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{8}\right)$$

$$17. (\bar{x}, \bar{y}) = \left(\frac{2}{5}, \frac{1}{5}\right)$$

$$18. \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2t + \cos t}{e^t}$$

$$19. L = \int_1^3 \sqrt{(e^t - e^{-t})^2 + \frac{4t^2}{(1+t^2)^2}} dt$$

$$20. \cot(2\theta) = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$21. r^2 = \ln(\cot \theta)$$

22. $\theta = 0, \frac{\pi}{2}, \pi, \frac{3\pi}{2}, 2\pi$

23. 1

24. ∞