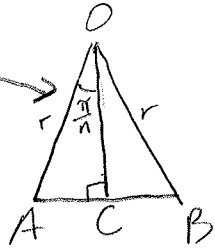
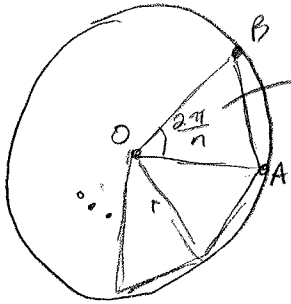


1. Let  $A_n$  be the area of a polygon with  $n$  equal sides inscribed in a circle with radius  $r$ . By dividing the polygon into  $n$  congruent triangles with central angle  $\frac{2\pi}{n}$ , show that:

$$A_n = \frac{1}{2}nr^2 \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{n}\right)$$



$$|AC| = r \sin \frac{\pi}{n}$$

$$|OC| = r \cos \frac{\pi}{n}$$

$$|AB| = 2r \sin \frac{\pi}{n}$$

$$\text{Area of } \triangle ABO = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}|AB| \cdot |CO|$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(2r \sin \frac{\pi}{n})(r \cos \frac{\pi}{n})$$

$$= r^2 \sin \frac{\pi}{n} \cos \frac{\pi}{n}$$

(Note:  $2 \sin x \cos x = \sin 2x$ )

$$= \frac{1}{2}r^2 \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{n}\right)$$

2. Show that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} A_n = \pi r^2$

$$\text{Area of the polygon} = \frac{1}{2}nr^2 \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{n}\right)$$

Recall from Calculus I:  $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \theta}{\theta} = 1$ .

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{2}nr^2 \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{n}\right)$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{2}r^2 \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{n}\right)}{\frac{1}{n}}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{2}r^2 \frac{2\pi \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{n}\right)}{\frac{2\pi}{n}}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \pi r^2 \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{n}\right)}{\frac{2\pi}{n}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}r^2(2\pi) = \pi r^2$$