

Quiz 3

Name: Bey

Row: _____

1. Find the derivatives. You may use any of the rules of differentiation.

[5] a. $y = \frac{\sin x}{x + \tan x} = \frac{u}{v}$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{v u' - u v'}{v^2} = \frac{(x + \tan x) \cdot \cos x - \sin x (1 + \sec^2 x)}{(x + \tan x)^2}$$

[5] b. $y = x \sin(\sqrt{x}) = u \cdot v$ where $u = x$ and $v = \sin(\sqrt{x})$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = u v' + u' v = x \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(\sin(\sqrt{x})) + 1 \cdot \sin(\sqrt{x}) = x \cos(\sqrt{x}) \cdot \frac{1}{2} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + \sin(\sqrt{x})$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sin(\sqrt{x})) = f'(\sqrt{x}) \cdot g'(\sqrt{x}) = (\cos(\sqrt{x})) \cdot \frac{1}{2} x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$f(x) = \sin x \quad f'(x) = \cos x \quad f'(\sqrt{x}) = \cos(\sqrt{x})$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{x} = x^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad g'(x) = \frac{1}{2} x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

2. Suppose y is given implicitly as a function of x by the equation $x^4 y^3 + 7x^2 + 11y^2 = 59$.

- a. Find dy/dx by implicit differentiation.

[6] $\frac{d}{dx}(x^4 y^3 + 7x^2 + 11y^2) = \frac{d}{dx}(59)$

$$x^4 \frac{d}{dx}(y^3) + \frac{d}{dx}(x^4)y^3 + 7 \cdot 2x + 11 \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(y^2) = 0$$

$$x^4 \cdot 3y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} + 4x^3 y^3 + 14x + 11 \cdot 2y \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$(3x^4 y^2 + 22y) \frac{dy}{dx} = -4x^3 y^3 - 14x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-4x^3 y^3 - 14x}{3x^4 y^2 + 22y}$$

- [4] b. Find the equation of the tangent line to the graph at the point where $x = 1$ and $y = 2$.

When $x = 1$ and $y = 2$, $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-4 \cdot 1 \cdot 8 - 14}{3 \cdot 1 \cdot 4 + 44} = \frac{-32 - 14}{12 + 44} = \frac{-46}{56} = \frac{-23}{28}$

So the slope of the tangent line is $-\frac{23}{28}$, and its equation is

$$y - 2 = \left(-\frac{23}{28}\right)(x - 1)$$