

## Homework # 6: 5463: Real Analysis 2

1. Let  $\{r_n\}$  be an enumeration of  $\mathbb{Q} \cap (0, 1)$ , let  $g(x) = \chi_{(0,1)}(x) x^{-1/2}$ , and define

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2^{-n} g(x - r_n)$$

(compare Exercise 25 from Section 2.3).

(a) Prove the following facts about  $f$  again: The series defining  $f$  converges for a.e.  $x \in (0, 1)$ , and  $f$  is measurable (in fact,  $f \in L^1(0, 1)$ ).

Also, recall (but don't prove) that  $f$  is unbounded on every open set; in particular,  $f$  is discontinuous at every point.

(b) Therefore, Lusin's Theorem can be applied, and we in particular obtain the following: For every  $\epsilon > 0$ , there exists a set  $E \subset (0, 1)$  with  $m(E^c) < \epsilon$  so that the restriction of  $f$  to  $E$  is continuous. Construct such a set explicitly.

2. Exercises 1, 2, 3 from Section 8.1.

“Due” 3/13