

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Let  $S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} \\ -1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix} \right\}$ .

(a) Find the lengths of the vectors in  $S$ . (2 pts)

(b) Is the set  $S$  orthogonal, orthonormal, or neither? Explain. (4 pts)

2. Find an orthogonal basis for the 2-dimensional subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^3$  with basis  $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$ .

(6 pts)

3. Let  $S = \{\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \mathbf{v}_3\}$  be an orthonormal set of vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . The following two questions are multiple choice - circle the best possible answer. You do not need to show work or explain your answer. (4 points each)

Question 1: What can we say about  $n$ ?

- (a)  $n = 3$
- (b)  $n \leq 3$
- (c)  $n \geq 3$
- (d)  $n \neq 3$
- (e) We cannot tell anything about  $n$  from the given information

Question 2: Let  $\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{v}_1 - \mathbf{v}_3$  and  $\mathbf{w} = 3\mathbf{v}_1 + 2\mathbf{v}_2$ . What is  $\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{w}$ ?

- (a) 1
- (b) 3
- (c) 4
- (d) 9
- (e) This cannot be determined from the given information