## Class Problem

Math 2513
February 24, 2005

Problem. Let $A$ and $B$ be sets. In each problem a proposition $\mathcal{P}$ is given. In each case write as directly as possible a statement for the negation $\neg \mathcal{P}$.
(1) $x$ is an element of $A$, and $A$ and $B$ are disjoint.
(2) There exists an element of $A$ which is not an element of $B$.

## SOLUTION:

(1) By common sense reasoning the negation of the proposition " $x$ is an element of $A$, and, $A$ and $B$ are disjoint" is the proposition "either $x$ is not an element of $A$, or, $A$ and $B$ are not disjoint". Using symbols we could write this negation as " $x \notin A$ or $A \cap B \neq \emptyset$ ". (Remember that two sets are "disjoint" if their intersection equals the emptyset.)
(2) The negation of the proposition "there exists an element of $A$ which is not an element of $B$ " is the proposition "every element of $A$ is an element of $B$ ". Note that this negation can be written more succinctly as " $A \subseteq B$ " (using the definition of subset).

