

Number Theory Fall 2009

Homework 10

Due: Wed. Nov. 11, start of class

9.2 Statement of quadratic reciprocity

Exercise 9.1. Use quadratic reciprocity to determine for which primes p is 7 a square mod p .

9.3 Euler's criterion

Exercise 9.2. Show \square_p is a subgroup of $(\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z})^\times$. Show the map $\sigma : (\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z})^\times \rightarrow (\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z})$ given by $\sigma(x) = x^2$ is 2-to-1. Conclude the subgroup \square_p has index 2 in $(\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z})^\times$, i.e., $|\square_p| = \frac{p-1}{2}$.

Exercise 9.3. Explicitly write down the values of $\left(\frac{\cdot}{p}\right)$ for $p = 7, 11, 13$. In each case, write down what the subgroup \square_p of $(\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z})^\times$ is.

9.4 The value of $\left(\frac{2}{p}\right)$

Exercise 9.4. Let $a, b \in \mathbb{N}$. Show for p prime

$$(a + b)^p \equiv a^p + b^p \pmod{p}.$$

9.5 The story so far

Exercise 9.5. Compute $\left(\frac{24}{61}\right)$, $\left(\frac{30}{61}\right)$, and $\left(\frac{31}{61}\right)$.

9.7 The full Chinese remainder theorem

Exercise 9.6. Let $\gcd(m, n) = 1$ and $\alpha : (\mathbb{Z}/mn\mathbb{Z}) \rightarrow (\mathbb{Z}/m\mathbb{Z}) \times (\mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z})$ be given by $\alpha(a, b) = (a \bmod m, b \bmod n)$. Check that $\alpha(0) = (0, 0)$, $\alpha(1) = (1, 1)$, $\alpha(a + b) = \alpha(a) + \alpha(b)$ and $\alpha(ab) = \alpha(a)\alpha(b)$. This means α is a ring homomorphism.

Exercise 9.7. Exercises 9.7.1, 9.7.2.